



Overview and Instructions

The House Appropriations Committee has announced that it will grant a limited number of requests for Community Project Funding for federal Fiscal Year 2023 (October 1, 2022 to September 30, 2023). This document provides an overview of the request process and basic information required for all requests. You will find a table of contents outlining the various streams of available funding (accounts) organized by its associated appropriations bill, followed by specific guidance for those accounts, and forms for requested information for *that specific account*. **Once you have read the instructions, you may enter your Community Project Funding request into our portal here.**

Community Project Funding requests are narrowly tailored and are *not* comparable to City Council "discretionary fund" or State Legislature "Member Items." Only a particular set of federal funding streams are eligible for Community Project Funding requests, and only government agencies or non-governmental not-for-profit organizations may receive Community Project Funding. Additionally, our office is <u>required</u> to disclose publicly some basic information about the requests our office submits to the House Appropriations Committee, including the name and address of the recipient, the amount requested, the intended use of the funds, and justification of the project. If you are not comfortable with the public disclosure of this information, please refrain from submitting a request.

Multiple requests should be submitted separately. Forms containing multiple requests will not be considered.

If you have questions regarding your request, including questions relating to eligibility or proper account, you may contact our office by sending an email to MengAppropriations@mail.house.gov with the subject line "PROJECT INQUIRY - [Project Title, Subcommittee (Ex. THUD), Account]." Additionally, if you have supporting documents for your request, you may email them to MengAppropriations@mail.house.gov with the subject line "SUPPORT DOCUMENTS - [Project Title, Subcommittee (Ex. CJS), Account]."

My office's **deadline** for Community Project Funding submissions for consideration in the Fiscal Year 2023 appropriations bills is 6:00 p.m. on <u>Friday, April 15, 2022</u>. A member of my staff may reach out to you after the deadline if further information is needed.

Please note: Submission neither guarantees eligibility for funding, nor guarantees that our office will be able to submit the request on your behalf. Multiple requests should be submitted separately. Forms containing multiple requests will not be considered.

Community Project Funding subcommittees of jurisdiction abbreviation key:

- AG: Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies
- CJS: Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies
- DEF: Defense
- EW: Energy and Water Development, and Related Agencies
- FSGG: Financial Services and General Government
- HS: Homeland Security
- INT: Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies
- LHHS: Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies
- MILCON: Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies
- THUD: Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies

Guidance for All Community Project Funding Requests

- Requests must be for Fiscal Year 2023 funds only and cannot include multi-year funding.
- You must include accurate recipient information when filling out the online request. The recipient name provided should be the legal name of the organization that will be receiving these funds. Please do not include abbreviations, acronyms, or use a "The" before the recipient name.
- You must include a project description, which must be limited to 1,000 characters.
- You must include a budget breakout specifically describing how the requested Federal funding will be used
 by the grantee, such as amounts for salaries for providers or instructors, tuition payments, educational
 materials, exhibits, supplies, evaluation activities, equipment, travel, etc. This can be provided in a separate,
 attached document.
- You must include an explanation of the request, including an explanation of why this is a good use of taxpayer funds—this information will be included on our official House website.
- You must indicate whether the grantee is a for-profit entity. Note that in FY 2023, Congress will not fund any for-profit entities.
- Please indicate whether you are aware of another member of Congress making a request for this same project (just Yes/No, not which Member(s)).
- You must include letters of support. Examples of these include but are not limited to letters from local community organizations, local elected officials, press articles highlighting the need for the requested Community Project Funding, and other materials that would document community support and community need, such as a newspaper editorial or a state/local intended use plan. The Appropriations Committee will use this information when determining whether to grant a request. These can be provided as attachments when you submit your form.

Distinguishing between program, language, and community project funding requests:

- **Program Request:** A request to fund a specific program in an appropriations bill at a specified level. Example: Provide \$4,000,000,000 for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program.
- Language Request: A request to include specific bill or report language that does not direct funding to a
 particular entity but encourages, urges, or directs some type of action by an agency. Example: The
 Committee encourages the National Cancer Institute to support research to develop diagnostic tests for
 early detection of kidney cancer.
- Community Project Funding Request: A funding request for a specific non-governmental entity to carry out a specific project. Example: Provide \$500,000 for a substance abuse treatment program in City, State.

If the programmatic or report language request is intended to be for a specific non-governmental entity and not competitively awarded, or narrowly defines a competitive grant to the extent that only one entity or geographic area can apply, this is a community project funding request and must be submitted as such.

Required Information for ALL APPLICATIONS:

Requestor Name

Requestor email address

Requestor phone number

Are you filling this out on behalf of a government agency or non-profit organization? [Yes/No]

Government agency or organization name that will be primary recipient of funds requested

If non-profit, please provide your Employer Identification Number

Recipient street address, including city, state and ZIP code

Recipient website

Project Title

Project Description (max 1,000 characters)

Full project cost

Amount requested for project

**Subcommittee of jurisdiction abbreviation [ex. LHHS]

**Account [ex. Employment and Training Administration]

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OVERVIEW AND INSTRUCTIONS	1
GUIDANCE FOR ALL COMMUNITY PROJECT FUNDING REQUESTS	2
REQUIRED INFORMATION FOR ALL APPLICATIONS:	3
AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT, FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES	5
OVERVIEW	5
REQUIRED INFORMATION	7
COMMERCE, JUSTICE, SCIENCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES	8
OVERVIEW	8
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	8
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	9
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA)	9
DEFENSE	11
OVERVIEW	11
DEFENSE PROJECT REQUEST	11
ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES	12
OVERVIEW	12
INFORMATION ON CPF REQUESTSCORPS OF ENGINEERS & BUREAU OF RECLAMATION	11
DIRECTIONS FOR SUBMITTING CORPS AND RECLAMATION CPF REQUESTS	12
INFORMATION ON CPF REQUESTSDEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	13
FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT	15
OVERVIEW	15
HOMELAND SECURITY	15
OVERVIEW	15
PRE-DISASTER MITIGATION PROJECTS	15
EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTER GRANT PROGRAM	16
INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES	17
GUIDANCE SPECIFIC TO COMMUNITY PROJECTS	17
QUESTIONS FOR COMMUNITY PROJECTS	21
LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES	23
LABOR, HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES, EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES PROGRAM REQUEST	26
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, VETERANS AFFAIRS, AND RELATED AGENCIES	27
GUIDANCE SPECIFIC TO COMMUNITY PROJECTS	27
COMMUNITY PROJECT FUNDING REQUEST	30
TRANSPORTATION, AND HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES	31
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION PRIORITIES PROJECT FUNDING REQUEST	31
AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM PROJECT FUNDING REQUEST	35

Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies

Overview

The Subcommittee will include a very limited number of community projects this year.

All Community Project Funding requests must meet all applicable eligibility requirements for the program in which the request is made, including all underlying statutory and regulatory requirements (e.g., cost share). Any recipients of CPFs that are funded in the bill will need to apply to USDA for the award. The application will be reviewed for compliance prior to official award, but will not be competitively scored against other applications.

Additional guidance for eligible accounts:

Department of Agriculture Community Facilities Grants

Grants to purchase, construct, or improve essential community facilities, to purchase equipment, and pay other related project expenses. Essential community facilities include, but are not limited to, healthcare facilities, public facilities, public safety measures, educational services, or other community support services. Examples of eligible projects include; medical or dental clinics, towns halls, courthouses, childcare centers, police or fire departments, public works vehicles, or distance learning equipment. Any project must serve a rural area as specified in 7 CFR 3570.53, and the Member's request must demonstrate community support.

Such requests are also subject to the maximum grant assistance limitations specified in 7 CFR 3570.63(b). Community Facilities grants generally cannot be used to pay initial operating expenses or annual recurring expenses, refinance existing debt, pay interest, build or repair facilities in non-rural areas, or pay for construction costs of facilities that will be used for commercial rental space.

Department of Agriculture ReConnect Program

ReConnect broadband pilot grants facilitate broadband deployment in rural areas. Grants funds can be used for the costs of construction, improvement, or acquisition of facilities and equipment needed to provide broadband service to rural areas without sufficient broadband access, defined as 10 Mbps downstream and 1 Mbps upstream.

The area must be rural and lack sufficient access to broadband service. A rural area is any area which is not located within: (1) A city, town, or incorporated area that has a population of greater than 20,000 inhabitants; or (2) an urbanized area contiguous and adjacent to a city or town that has a population of greater than 50,000 inhabitants. Sufficient access to broadband is defined as greater than 90% of any rural area in which households have fixed, terrestrial broadband service delivering at least 10 Mbps downstream and 1 Mbps upstream. Mobile and satellite services will not be considered in making the determination of sufficient access to broadband.

Stand-alone middle-mile projects are not eligible under the ReConnect Program. However, middle-mile facilities are eligible if they are needed to bring sufficient broadband service to all premises in the area.

Members are strongly encouraged to include information in their requests, such as the number of households, businesses, or farms will be served in the area, what the performance of the service to be offered will be, and whether healthcare or educational facilities will be served.

Department of Agriculture Agricultural Research Service, Buildings and Facilities

The Agricultural Research Service (ARS) owns and operates laboratories and facilities across the United States. Many of these laboratories/facilities are decades old, have outlived their functional lifespan, and are badly in need of major repairs, renovation, or replacement. Facility requests must be for ARS-owned facilities or for facilities that will enhance ongoing ARS work. Requests can assist in the acquisition of land, construction, repair, improvement, extension, alteration, and purchase of fixed equipment or facilities as necessary to carry out the agricultural research programs of the Department of Agriculture.

Members are strongly encouraged to provide details on the research to be conducted, why the research is a high priority, as well as details on the modernization and why it is critical in carrying out the research.

Required Information

The website address of the proposed recipient

If there are additional costs necessary to complete the project, have those been secured?

For rural development projects, is the project for an eligible purpose and does it meet all eligibility requirements under current law?

Does the entity plan to make grants to other entities from the funds provided and if so, to which entities?

Why is the project a priority for the district? Briefly explain the community benefits.

Has any funding for the project been included in any presidential budget and if so, how much, in which fiscal year, and in which agency or agencies and program(s)?

Has the project received federal funding before and if so, how much, when, and from which agency or agencies and program(s)?

For ARS B&F only, what is the estimated start date of the project? How soon could the feasibility/engineering design phase commence? [mm/yy]

For ARS B&F only, does the project have distinct and separable phases?

For ARS B&F only, what is the estimated completion date of the project? When does completion of construction occur? [mm/yy]

For ReConnect requests, please provide relevant information, such as the number of households, businesses, or farms that would be served, what the performance of the service to be offered will be, and whether healthcare or educational facilities will be served.

For Conservation Operations, briefly describe how the project will reduce soil erosion, enhance water supplies, improve water quality, increase wildlife habitat, or other objectives that will help conserve, maintain, and improve natural resources.

Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies

Overview

The Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Subcommittee is reviewing community project requests ONLY in the six categories listed below. Project requests that do not fit into one of these categories will not be eligible for community project funding. For each account, please see the specific guidelines below for additional information on eligible activities and submission criteria/questions.

- ✓ Department of Commerce; National Institute of Standards and Technology; Scientific and Technical Research and Services [New]
- ✓ Department of Commerce; National Institute of Standards and Technology; Construction of Research Facilities [New]
- ✓ Department of Commerce; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Operations, Research, and Facilities
- ✓ Department of Justice; Byrne Justice Assistance Grants (JAG)
- ✓ Department of Justice; Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) Technology and Equipment
- ✓ National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA); Safety, Security and Mission Services

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NIST Scientific and Technical Research and Services (STRS) [NEW]

Funding must be for activities consistent with and supportive of NIST's mission and within its authorities, such as STEM education activities, scientific research, or other activities that support American manufacturing and industry.

The median award in this account for FY 22 was \$1,250,000. Note the Committee may consider similar or higher project amounts for FY 23. Any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests, and while there are no guarantees, projects of a modest size are more likely to receive full funding.

This account does not fund vehicles or building construction or renovation.

<u>SEE PAGE 5 HERE FOR REQUIRED INFORMATION FOR NIST STRS PROJECTS.</u> Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

NIST Construction of Research Facilities—Extramural Construction [NEW]

This account funds the construction and renovation of research facilities, provided that such facilities will be used in a manner that is aligned with and supportive of the mission of NIST. The median award in this account was \$10 million in FY 22, but this account was not open to community project funding in the House in FY 22. Note the Committee may consider lower project amounts for FY 23, and any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests. Given the expectation of limited resources and the large cost of research facilities, the Committee may not be able to fully fund all requests. While there are no guarantees, preference will be given to more modest requests.

<u>SEE PAGE 6 HERE FOR REQUIRED QUESTIONNAIRE FOR NIST CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.</u> Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Operations, Research, and Facilities

Community project funding for NOAA will only be considered within the Operations, Research, and Facilities account. This account does not fund construction projects, and as such, any such requests will not be considered. Requests for funding will be considered for research, demonstration, or education projects performed by external partners or for prioritizing NOAA internal funds for geographically specific projects. Any such project must be aligned with NOAA's mission and within their existing authorities. The median award in this account for FY 22 was \$750,000. Note the Committee may consider similar or higher project amounts for FY 23. Any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests, *and while there are no guarantees, projects of a modest size are more likely to receive full funding.*

The subcommittee will <u>not</u> entertain requests for community project funding for the Office of Marine and Aviation Operations.

Coastal Zone Management funds are distributed to states on a formula basis and will not be considered for community project funding.

Historically, the Committee has not funded vehicles or building construction or renovation as part of community project funding under this account.

<u>SEE PAGE 8 HERE FOR REQUIRED QUESTIONNAIRE FOR NOAA PROJECTS.</u> Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance—Byrne Justice Assistance Grants (JAG)

Office of Justice Programs, Byrne JAG Grants assist state, local, and tribal law enforcement efforts to prevent crime, improve the criminal justice system, provide victims' services, and other related activities. Community projects funded under this category must comply with the requirements cited in JAG statutes and be consistent with Justice Department guidance for the program. Below are the links to the Department's guidance and frequently asked questions regarding Byrne-JAG:

https://bja.ojp.gov/program/jag/overview

https://bja.ojp.gov/sites/g/files/xyckuh186/files/media/document/jag-faqs.pdf

The Committee encourages community project funding designed to help improve police-community relations. Historically, the Committee has not funded building construction or renovation as part of community project funding under this account. The median award in this account for FY 22 was \$500,000.

Note the Committee may consider similar or higher project amounts for FY 23. Any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests, and while there are no guarantees, projects of a modest size are more likely to receive full funding.

SEE PAGE 10 HERE FOR REQUIRED QUESTIONNAIRE FOR BYRNE JAG PROJECTS. Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) - Technology and Equipment

Funding will be provided for COPS Technology and Equipment (COPS Tech) community project grants for State, local, and tribal law enforcement to develop and acquire effective technologies and interoperable communications that assist in investigating, responding to, and preventing crime, provided that such equipment meets the applicable requirements of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Office of Law Enforcement Standards (OLES).

The median award in this account for FY 22 was \$520,000. Note the Committee may consider similar or higher project amounts for FY 23. Any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests, and while there are no guarantees, projects of a modest size are more likely to receive full funding.

This funding will allow recipients the opportunity to establish and enhance any of a variety of technical equipment and/or programs to encourage the continuation and enhancement of community policing efforts within their jurisdictions. These projects should help improve police effectiveness and the flow of information among law enforcement agencies, local government service providers, and the communities they serve.

Historically, the Committee has not funded vehicles or building construction or renovation as part of community project funding under this account. Recipients of community project funding under this account may not subgrant to other organizations or agencies.

<u>SEE PAGE 12 HERE FOR REQUIRED QUESTIONNAIRE FOR COPS PROJECTS.</u> Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION (NASA)

NASA Safety, Security, and Mission Services

Community project funding under the NASA Safety, Security, and Mission Services (NASA-SSMS) account must be for activities consistent with and supportive of the work of NASA's mission directorates and within the agency's authorities, such as STEM education activities and scientific research. Funding for building construction or renovation projects will not be considered for community project funding.

The median award in this account for FY 22 was \$900,000. Note the Committee may consider similar or higher project amounts for FY 23. Any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests, and while there are no guarantees, projects of a modest size are more likely to receive full funding

<u>SEE PAGE 14 HERE FOR REQUIRED QUESTIONNAIRE FOR NASA PROJECTS.</u> Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

Defense

Overview

The Subcommittee on Defense will accept project requests in the following accounts:

- · Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation Army
- · Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation Navy
- · Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation Air Force
- · Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation Space Force
- · Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation Defense-Wide

The subcommittee will not accept project requests in any other account.

Please be particularly mindful of the difference between program and community project funding requests. The following would be a program request, as it does not list a specific recipient:

\$1 million above the FY 2022 budget request for RDT&E Army, line 2, PE # 0601102A

Should a program request be funded, the Department of Defense or Services would determine to whom and where funds would be awarded. Meanwhile, the following would be a community project funding request, as it lists a specific non-federal recipient:

\$1 million above the FY 2022 budget request for RDT&E Army, line 2, PE # 0601102A for the University of the District of Columbia to...

Defense Project Request

Those submitting Defense project requests are required to submit answers to the following additional questions. Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

Provide the name of the specific recipient for the project request and the amount requested for fiscal year 2023.

List the name of the account the project request would fall under.

Provide a description of the desired outcome of the project and how it would benefit the Department of Defense.

List the line number and Program Element number proposed to fund the project. This information can be found in the budget justification documents that will be posted at https://comptroller.defense.gov/Budget-Materials/

Disclose whether the project is being requested in another bill.

State whether the request is a new or existing project; if existing, whether it previously received federal funds; and if so, identify the account, amount of funding, and fiscal year.

Provide the total cost of the project.

List the required funding in future years and the source of that funding.

Determine whether the program could start in a limited capacity if the Appropriations Committee cannot fully fund the request.

Energy and Water Development, and Related Agencies

Overview

The Subcommittee anticipates including only a limited number of CPF requests in the bill and report. Members are encouraged to assign their top priorities only to the most essential projects. As in previous years, the Subcommittee is unlikely to carry authorizing language.

These instructions provide a step-by-step guide to entering CPF requests into the database, so please use and refer to this document early and often.

The Subcommittee will only consider CPF requests in the following accounts and areas:

Corps of Engineers:

- Investigations
- Construction
- Mississippi River and Tributaries
- Operation and Maintenance

Bureau of Reclamation:

Water and Related Resources

Department of Energy:

Topics include:

- o energy efficiency, renewable energy, sustainable transportation
- o cybersecurity, energy security, emergency response
- electricity, energy storage
- o nuclear energy
- o fossil energy, carbon management, critical minerals

The online database will not allow CPF requests to be entered into any accounts other than those listed above. Given the ban on directing Community Project Funding to for-profit entities, projects with for-profit entities as a recipient are not allowed. For the Corps of Engineers and Bureau of Reclamation, only authorized projects will be considered for funding.

Information on CPF Requests for the Corps of Engineers and Bureau of Reclamation

All requests for the Corps of Engineers (Corps) and Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) accounts listed above should reflect a funding amount that can be realistically utilized in FY23. This is referred to as the project's "capability" for FY23. All projects will be sent to the relevant agency for technical assistance, including regarding project capability.

Please note that if the Member wishes to support a project in the President's budget request at the amount requested in the budget request, that will continue to be a programmatic request. In this case, please select "Program" as the Request Type and insert the official name of the project as it appears in the budget request in the "Program Title" line. If a Member supports only the requested amount in the President's budget request, this will not be a CPF request and will not be treated as such by the Subcommittee. Please do not use a CPF request for this purpose.

If the scope of the Member's request varies from the President's budget request (i.e. the Member is seeking an amount above the budget request amount), then the request must be submitted as a CPF request. In this case, please select "Project" as the Request Type and fill out all requested information. Detailed instructions are below.

If the project is not included in the President's budget request, the Member must submit it as a CPF request. In this case, please select "Project" as the Request Type and fill out all requested information. Detailed instructions are below.

Please note that for the Corps, the Subcommittee may provide funding for a very limited number of new start projects, if any, in the Investigations, Construction, and Mississippi River and Tributaries accounts. While requests for new starts in these accounts will be accepted, please consider this limitation when making requests.

Please note that for the Corps, the Subcommittee may provide funding for a limited number of Environmental Infrastructure (EI) projects and Continuing Authorities Program (CAP) projects, if any, in the Construction account. While requests for specific projects will be accepted, please consider these limitations when making requests.

Please note that for Reclamation, projects authorized under sections 4007, 4009(a), and 4009(c) of the Water Infrastructure Improvements Act for the Nation (WIIN) Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–322) will not be accepted.

Directions for Submitting Corps and Reclamation CPF Requests

The following directions are for Corps and Reclamation CPF requests only. As noted previously, failure to follow these instructions may result in your request not being considered for inclusion. CPF requests will only be accepted for the accounts listed above. Only authorized projects will be considered for funding.

Please note that it is of the utmost importance to provide the official project name and the correct project authorization information. If inaccurate information is provided, the Subcommittee may not be able to properly evaluate your request.

To assist you in identifying and providing the Subcommittee with the official project name and project authorization, lists of authorized projects in a searchable PDF format can be found here.

Please locate your authorized Corps or Reclamation project and use the official project name as it appears in these lists. Once you locate the name of your project, you will also need to provide to the Subcommittee the Public Law and section of the law that authorizes your project, and enter it into the database in the appropriate place (as a response to a supplemental question). (example: P.L. 110–114, Section 1401).

If you are not able to find your authorized Corps project in the authorized project list, or if you have difficulty finding the authorization information, contact your local Corps District office to obtain this information. If you are not able to find your authorized Reclamation project in the authorized project list, or if you have difficulty finding the authorization information, contact your local Reclamation Region office to obtain this information.

Once you have gathered the above initial information, proceed to the "Add New Submission" page in the online database. For "Subcommittee", select "Energy & Water"; for "Request Type", select "Project". You will then see the "Agency/Bureau" and "Account" options that allow for CPF requests. For "Program", select "General" for every project that is not a Corps Continuing Authorities Program (CAP), or Environmental Infrastructure (EI) project. If you are requesting a CAP or EI project, please make the appropriate selection within the Construction account dropdown.

After making the selections above, click "Save and Continue". On the next page, fill out each field as directed below. Unless otherwise instructed below, failure to provide responses to each question may result in requests not being considered for inclusion.

<u>SEE PAGE 4 HERE FOR REQUIRED QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CORPS AND RECLAMATION PROJECTS</u>. Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

Information on CPF Requests for the Department of Energy

All CPF requests for the Department of Energy (DOE) should reflect a funding amount that can complete the project or complete a discrete segment of the project. In the event that the Subcommittee cannot fully fund your request, information is required to be provided about a minimum funding level that could be realistically utilized in FY23 to advance the project or complete a discrete segment of the project. If the minimum amount exceeds available funding, then the project may not be funded.

The number of projects and the amount will be limited. In FY10, the last year these DOE CPFs were included in the House, House projects selected for funding received \$740,000 on average, and the range of funding was approximately \$75,000 to \$3 million. Note that the Committee may consider similar or slightly lower amounts for FY23, and any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests. Members should not expect that every request will be able to be funded or funded in full.

Given the ban on directing Community Project Funding to for-profit entities, projects with for profit entities as a recipient are not allowed. In addition, funds may not be used to support building construction (no brick and mortar). Electric vehicle (EV) charging station projects will not be considered unless there is a renewable energy or energy storage connection to the charging station. Please direct questions about any other EV charging station request to the Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Subcommittee.

As stated above, only certain topic areas within the Department of Energy are eligible for CPF requests. Topics include:

- energy efficiency, renewable energy, sustainable transportation
- cybersecurity, energy security, emergency response
- electricity, energy storage
- nuclear energy
- fossil energy, carbon management, critical minerals

Statutory cost sharing requirements may apply to these projects, as required by section 988 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005. The amount of required cost sharing will depend on the scope and technological maturity of the project:

- · Research or development activities of a basic or fundamental nature: no minimum cost share
- Research or development activities of an applied nature: minimum 20 percent cost share
- Demonstration or commercial application: minimum 50 percent cost share

Some projects may contain elements of more than one of the categories shown above. Therefore, some projects may have a blended cost share. It is recommended that you ensure the requested recipient is aware of and can meet applicable cost sharing requirements prior to submitting a CPF request.

<u>SEE PAGE 7 HERE FOR REQUIRED QUESTIONNAIRE FOR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY CPF REQUESTS</u>. Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

Financial Services and General Government

Overview

All community project requests must meet all applicable eligibility requirements for the program in which the request is made. Although programmatic or language requests may be made for any account, only the following accounts in the FSGG appropriations bill will be open for community project requests:

- General Services Administration, Federal Buildings Fund New Construction, Major Repairs and Alterations and Basic Repairs Accounts: Projects are limited to line items in the GSA Federal Buildings Fund requested by the Administration in either the FY22 or FY23 budget request. This account was not eligible for community project funding in the House in FY22 but was eligible for community project funding in the Senate. The awards in FY22 ranged from \$500,000 to \$50 million. Note that the Committee may consider a similar project range for FY23, and any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.
- National Archives and Records Administration, National Historical Publications and Records Commission: Projects that help ensure online public discovery and use of historical records collections, encourage public engagement with historical records, strengthen the nation's archival network, or publish documentary editions of historical records. Generally, projects should comply with the eligibility requirements for existing National Historical Publications and Records Commission grants programs as specified at https://www.archives.gov/nhprc/apply/eligibility.html.This account was not eligible for community project funding in the House in FY22 but was eligible for equivalent funding in the Senate. The average award in FY22 was just under \$500,000. Note that the Committee may consider slightly higher project amounts for FY23, and any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.
- Small Business Administration, Small Business Initiatives: Projects in support of small businesses, including but not
 limited to entrepreneur training, workforce development, counseling, research, and construction or acquisition of
 facilities. The average award in this account for FY22 was \$650,000. Note the Committee may consider slightly higher
 project amounts for FY23, and any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

For each Community Project request, Members will be asked to respond to a series of questions intended to provide transparency and ensure the Community Project is a valuable use of taxpayer funds. The questions for each account are listed on Pages 2 through 5. Failure to complete all required questions will result in an incomplete project request. Incomplete project requests will not be considered for community project funds.

Homeland Security

Overview

All Community Project Funding (CPF) requests must meet the eligibility requirements referenced in this guidance for one of the three accounts designated for CPF in the Homeland Security funding bill:

- 1. Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grants
- 2. Emergency Operations Center Grants

Pre-Disaster Mitigation Projects

Only projects that meet the requirements detailed in the most recent Notice of Funding Opportunity for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) grant program will be considered for funding, including the cost-share requirement and environmental and historic preservation requirements, as applicable. For any projects designated for funding in the final fiscal year 2023 Homeland Security Appropriations Act, the state agency responsible for administering mitigation grants in the requestor's state must submit an application to the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and that entity will serve as the administrative agent for the grant. Therefore, all project proposals must be accompanied by a letter of support from the appropriate state agency affirming that it believes the project is eligible.

Please pay careful attention to FEMA's eligibility requirements when answering the following questions:

1. Is the requesting jurisdiction a state, Indian tribal government, local government, or territory as defined by section 102 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122)?

- 2. Is the proposed project eligible under the most recent <u>Notice of Funding Opportunity</u> for the Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities grant program?
- 3. Can the requesting jurisdiction provide the required non-federal cost share, as detailed in the NOFO?
- 4. If less than the requested amount were provided as the federal share, would additional state local, or other eligible funding sources be available to support the project?
- 5. Can the requesting jurisdiction provide a Cost-Benefit Analysis or other documentation that validates cost-effectiveness, which is defined by FEMA as having a Benefit-Cost Ratio (BCA) of 1.0 or greater? A non-FEMA BCA methodology may only be used if preapproved by FEMA in writing.
- 6. Is the entity that will benefit from the proposed activity covered by the current FEMA approved multi-hazard mitigation plan in compliance with 44 CFR Part 201? If so, what is the Final FEMA Approval date.
- 7. How will the project provide long-term permanent risk-reduction, as opposed to simply supporting emergency protective measures?
- 8. Can the recipient describe how the project supports the needs of vulnerable populations?
- 9. Does the recipient specifically encourage the adoption and enforcement of the latest disaster resistant building codes?
- 10. Provide a clear and detailed description of the proposed mitigation activity.
- 11. How will the mitigation activity be implemented?
- 12. Who will manage and complete the mitigation activity?
- 13. What risks will remain from all hazards after project implementation (i.e., residual risk)?
- 14. How does the project take into account future conditions?
- 15. Has the project has been submitted to current or previous competitive BRIC funding cycles?
- 16. If the answer to the previous question is yes, what is the subgrant ID?
- 17. Community engagement and support is crucial in determining which projects are worthy of federal funding. Please describe or include evidence of community support that were compelling factors in the Member's decision to submit this project request, including letters of support and any relevant links to information posted on the Member's website or other online sources.
- 18. Has your office or the community consulted with state/county/local emergency management officials or with FEMA about the proposed project?
- 19. If the answer to the previous question is yes, please provide name agency and contact information.
- 20. Is there or will there be a letter from the appropriate state officials confirming that should the project be approved the appropriate state agency is willing and able to serve as the recipient for the grant?

Emergency Operations Center Grant Program

Only projects that meet the requirements detailed in the most Notice of Funding Opportunity for the Emergency Operations Center Grant Program, including the cost-share requirement and environmental and historic preservation requirements, as applicable, will be considered for funding. For any projects designated for funding in the final fiscal year 2023 Homeland Security Appropriations Act, the respective state administrative agency (SAA) must submit an application to the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and that agency will serve as the administrative agent for the grant. Therefore, all project proposals must be accompanied by a letter of support from the appropriate SSA affirming that it believes the project is eligible.

Please pay careful attention to FEMA's eligibility requirements when answering the following questions:

- 1. Is the requesting jurisdiction a state, Indian tribal government, or local government as defined by section 102 or 602 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 USC 5122, 5195a?
- 2. Is the proposed project eligible under the most recent <u>Notice of Funding Opportunity</u> for the Emergency Operations Center Grant Program? (For EOCs, the fiscal year 2011 NOFO is the most recent.)
- 3. Can the requesting jurisdiction provide the required 25 percent non-federal cost share?
- 4. If less than the requested amount were provided as the federal share, would additional state local, or other eligible funding sources be available to support the project?
- 5. Is the requestor in a position to enhance their emergency management capabilities and address their Emergency Operations Center needs?
- 6. Is the proposed project related to a structure or facility that meets the <u>definition of an EOC</u>, to include supporting incident management (on-scene) operations across multiple functional disciplines and/or jurisdictions?
- 7. Is the facility (or will the facility) be the primary Emergency Operations Center for the jurisdiction?
- 8. Community engagement and support is crucial in determining which projects are worthy of federal funding. Please describe or include evidence of community support that were compelling factors in the Member's decision to submit this project request, including letters of support and any relevant links to information posted on the Member's website or other online sources.
- 9. Has your office or the community consulted with state/county/local emergency management officials or with FEMA about the proposed project?
- 10. If the answer to the previous question is yes, please provide name agency and contact information.

11. Is there or will there be a letter from the appropriate state officials confirming that should the project be approved the appropriate state agency is willing and able to serve as the recipient for the grant?

Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies

Guidance Specific to Community Projects

Community Support. Community engagement and support is crucial in determining which projects are worthy of Federal funding. Only projects with demonstrated community support will be considered. This recommendation builds on past Committee reforms, and Members will be required to present to the Committee evidence of community support that were compelling factors in their decision to submit the request. Examples of these include, but are not limited to:

- Letters of support from elected community leaders (e.g. mayors or other officials);
- Press articles highlighting the need for the requested Community Project Funding;
- Support from newspaper editorial boards;
- Projects listed on State intended use plans, community development plans, or other publicly available planning documents; or
- Resolutions passed by city councils or boards.

These are intended to be examples of the type of information that you may consider presenting to the Committee in conjunction with your project. It is not an exhaustive list.

General criteria used to evaluate Community Project Funding requests

- Ban on For-Profit recipients. The Committee is imposing a ban on directing Community Project Funding to for-profit
 entities.
- Matching requirements. Several Federal programs eligible for Community Project Funding requests require a State or local match for projects either by statute or according to longstanding policy. The Committee will not waive these matching requirements for Community Project Funding requests, so it is important that Member offices discuss with their State and local officials the ability for localities to meet matching requirements prior to requesting a project. Note: This does not mean that matching funds must be in-hand prior to requesting a project, but that local officials must have a plan to meet such requirements in order for such a project to be viable.
- One-year funding. Each project request must be for fiscal year 2023 funds only and cannot include a request for multiyear funding.
- State or local governmental entities as grantees. Members are encouraged to consider public entities as primary grantees to oversee the completion of the project.
 - o For infrastructure projects, many States have established lists or intended use plans with projects that have already been vetted by governmental officials (e.g. drinking water, wastewater and highways).
- Non-profits as grantees. If a Member requests that funding be directed to a non-profit organization, the Member will need to provide evidence that the recipient is a nonprofit organization as described under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Further, many water projects often partner with non-profit entities to complete projects. Therefore, projects may also be directed to non-profits with an inherently governmental function.
- **Project Amounts**. Members should take into consideration the range of House and Senate project amounts funded in FY22, and in prior years, as a general guide for making requests. Note that the Committee may consider similar project amounts for FY23, and any caps will be determined after reviewing the full universe of requests.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Save America's Treasures (SAT) through the National Park Service

The Save America's Treasures grant program is for preservation and/or conservation work on nationally significant collections and historic properties. The SAT program falls under the purview of the Historic Preservation Fund account and was established

in 1998 to celebrate America's premier cultural resources in the new millennium (Public Law 113–287, Section 308902, 128 Stat. 3244; 54 USC 3089 et seq.). The existing competitive grant program funds two categories of projects: awards managed by the National Park Service (NPS) for preservation projects at properties listed in the National Register of Historic Places for national significance or designated a National Historic Landmark; and awards managed by the Institute of Museum and Library Services for projects involving nationally significant collections (including artifacts, museum collections, documents, sculptures, and other works of art).

To be considered for Community Project Funding, each applicant must provide information consistent with competitive application requirements. All grant recipients must comply with relevant requirements for recipients of Federal financial assistance and program-specific requirements found here on NPS's SAT website. Consistent with prior years, Members are encouraged to consider a project funding threshold of up to \$500,000 when making requests in this account. This a new account for the FY23 House process.

All SAT grants require a dollar-for-dollar non-federal matching share. Recipients of any SAT project funded in the Interior bill must be able to match the amount provided. The property must be on the National Register of Historic Places in order to be eligible to receive funding. Grants are not available for work on sites or collections owned by the NPS. Other federal agencies working with a nonprofit partner to preserve the historic properties or collections owned by the federal agency may submit applications through the partner. If the project has received previous appropriations, it is not eligible. A building or structure may only receive one SAT grant. Previous SAT projects can be viewed here: https://go.nps.gov/satmap.

If the historic structure has been moved, it is probably not eligible for funding. It is best to ask the State Historic Preservation Officer if the proposed work meets the Secretary of Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Buildings (https://ncshpo.org/). Work that has already been done prior to SAT funding may have had an adverse effect on the historic features of the building and make it ineligible for the National Register and for SAT funding.

Contractors for the project must be competitively selected, as stipulated under Government- wide Grants Requirements set by OMB. New construction is not eligible. The SAT grant program was created to preserve nationally significant properties by repairing them, not adding to or changing them.

Demolition of an historic building or significant changes to it are not eligible projects under the SAT grant program. The sponsors of this project must agree to a preservation easement or covenant. The National Park Service not only pays for the work to fix the roof, but also ensures that if the property is sold later, then the covenant or easement will bind the new owner to maintain and preserve the historic building that gets the SAT grant.

Land Acquisition Through the Land and Water Conservation Fund

Federal acquisition of lands and water and interests therein must be for the purpose of land and habitat conservation and the encouragement of outdoor recreation, as established by the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) Act of 1965. Land acquisition project requests funded from the LWCF should be requested through the agency that would manage the land being acquired. The four land management agencies are: within the Department of the Interior, (1) the Bureau of Land Management, (2) the Fish and Wildlife Service, (3) the National Park Service; and within the Department of Agriculture, (4) the Forest Service.

Third party organizations (i.e. The Nature Conservancy, Trust for Public Land, etc.) frequently participate in the federal acquisition process by coordinating the negotiation and purchase of tracts. If the project you are requesting involves a third-party organization, please be mindful that funding for a land acquisition project goes to the agency that will manage the land.

The Great American Outdoors Act of (Public Law 116-152) and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260) mandates that the president submit, along with the upcoming fiscal year's budget request, proposed and supplemental project lists. Projects that appear on the proposed lists are considered programmatic requests and should not be requested for Community Project Funding. The Committee will look favorably upon requests for projects that appear on the supplemental list. When submitting your request, please indicate whether the project is on this list.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY State and Tribal Assistance Grants (STAG)

The vast majority of requests made to the Interior Subcommittee are for STAG infrastructure grants. These grants fund local wastewater and drinking water infrastructure projects. This includes construction of and modifications to municipal sewage treatment plants and drinking water treatment plants. Similar to past practice, the Committee will be limiting STAG infrastructure grants only to projects that are publicly-owned or owned by a non-profit entity and that are otherwise eligible for the funding from that state's Clean Water or Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (SRF) loan programs. Members should use the range of House and Senate project amounts funded in FY22 as a general guide when making requests. In FY22, the majority

of EPA STAG infrastructure projects funded in the House bill ranged from \$60,000 - \$3,500,000, though there were a handful of exceptions. Note that the Committee may consider higher project amounts for FY23, and any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Privately-owned projects are NOT eligible for infrastructure grants, even if they are otherwise eligible for assistance under a SRF program. The Committee will look favorably upon requests for projects that are listed on a state's most recent Intended Use Plan.

There is a minimum 20% cost share requirement for any portion of a project funded through a STAG infrastructure grant. For example, a \$1 million project could receive a maximum of \$800,000 from the Federal government, with the remaining \$200,000 the responsibility of the grantee. In almost all cases, other federal funds cannot be used to meet this 20% cost share.

Ability to fund the 20% cost share is required before EPA can award a STAG grant. Please note that assistance provided by a SRF counts towards the project's matching requirement.

STAG projects have very specific eligibility requirements, and the Committee will not consider projects that do not meet those requirements. The following lists some of the project types that are ineligible for STAG grant funding:		
Projects that are NOT eligible for STAG Grants		
Clean Water / Waste Water	Drinking Water	
Land, except for projects described in the subsequent table under eligibility #11	Dams or rehabilitation of dams	
Operations and maintenance costs	Operations and maintenance costs	
Non-municipal point source control	Water rights, except if the water rights are owned by a system that is being purchased through consolidation as part of a capacity development strategy or if the water rights purchase is covered by EPA's DWSRF Class Deviation for Water Rights 2019	
Acid rain drainage correction	Reservoirs, except for finished water reservoirs and those reservoirs that are part of the treatment process and are located on the property where the treatment facility is located	
Ambient water quality monitoring	Laboratory fees for monitoring	
Flood Control Projects, unless the project is otherwise managing, reducing, treating, or recapturing stormwater	Projects needed mainly for fire protection	
Privately owned sewer pipes	Projects for systems that lack adequate technical, managerial, and financial capability, unless assistance will ensure compliance	
	Projects for systems in significant noncompliance, unless funding will ensure compliance	
	Projects primarily intended to serve future growth	

The following list provides some examples of the types of projects that are eligible for STAG grant funding and which are most frequently funded:

Projects That Generally ARE Eligible for STAG Grants		
Clean Water / Waste Water	Drinking Water	
Wastewater treatment plants, including sludge handling facilities - upgraded (increase in treatment level) or expanded (increase in treatment capacity) facilities, including biological facilities, mechanical, a lagoon system, a land treatment system, or individual on-site systems.	Facilitate compliance with national primary drinking water regulations or address serious risks to public health including non-regulated contaminants (i.e. PFAS).	
Collector Sewers - Small sewers that convey wastewater from residences, commercial establishments, and industrial sites to larger interceptor sewers.	Rehabilitate or develop water sources (excluding reservoirs, dams, dam rehabilitation and water rights) to replace contaminated sources	
Interceptor Sewers - Large sewers that convey wastewater from collector sewers directly to a wastewater treatment facility.	Install or upgrade treatment facilities	

Sewer Pipes - Rehabilitation is eligible only if pipes are publicly owned.	Install or upgrade storage facilities, including finished water reservoirs, to prevent microbiological contaminants from entering the water system
Outfall Sewer - A sewer that conveys treated wastewater from a wastewater treatment facility to the receiving waters (i.e., a river, stream, lake, ocean, etc.).	Install or replace transmission and distribution pipes to prevent contamination caused by leaks or breaks in the pipe, or improve water pressure to safe levels
Storm Water Management – Measures to manage, reduce, treat, or recapture stormwater or subsurface drainage water (i.e. storm sewers, green infrastructure, etc.).	Projects to consolidate water supplies – for example, when individual homes or other public water supplies have a water supply that is contaminated, or the system is unable to maintain compliance for financial or managerial reasons – are eligible for DWSRF assistance.
Combined sewer overflow (CSO) control and sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) control - Combined sewers are sewers that convey both wastewater and storm water and may overflow during periods of heavy rain. The costs to correct CSO and SSO overflow problems are eligible.	Land is eligible only if it is integral to a project that is needed to meet or maintain compliance and further public health protection.
Infiltration/Inflow Correction - Construction activities that prevent surface water or groundwater from entering the sewer system	Project planning, design and other related costs
Water Security These projects include installation or upgrade of physical security infrastructure such as lighting, fencing, monitoring and access control. Also, cybersecurity measures, installation of safer treatment technologies, and more secure storage of on-site treatment.	
Septic Tanks Remediation, rehabilitation, removal and replacement of failing tanks are eligible, as well as installation of new tanks where none had previously existed.	
Land - The leasing and fee-simple purchase of land, including surface and subsurface easements, needed to locate eligible municipal or tribal projects, and land integral to the treatment process (e.g., land for effluent application or recharge basins), and a place to store equipment and material during POTW construction. Municipal purchase of land and/or conservation easements for source water protection are also eligible.	
Water Reuse - Projects involving the municipal reuse or recycling of wastewater, stormwater, or subsurface drainage water. This includes but is not limited to the purchase and installation of treatment equipment sufficient to meet reuse standards, distribution systems to support effluent reuse, recharge transmission lines, injection wells, and equipment to reuse effluent (e.g., gray water, condensate, and wastewater effluent reuse systems).	
Capital Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Projects – e.g., river or streambank restoration, agricultural best management practices (i.e., buffer strips, manure containment structures), wetlands restoration, etc	

U.S. FOREST SERVICE State and Private Forestry

The Forest Service is an agency within the Department of Agriculture. Requests that do not fit into the described categories below are unlikely to be eligible for funding under the Forest Service.

The State and Private Forestry (S&PF) account provides technical and financial assistance, usually through the network of State Foresters, to improve the management, protection, and utilization of the Nation's forests. Community projects are usually limited and include various specific urban and community forestry projects and specific forest disease or pest treatment areas. Members may also request specific State fire assistance projects or specific forestry assistance projects in this account. Please carefully review the information the Forest Service provides on its website regarding what activities are permitted under the

various S&PF programs and consult with your State Forester office if needed to confirm that all of a project's activities are eligible for S&PF funding. Members should use the range of House and Senate project amounts funded in FY22 as a general guide for making requests. In FY22, the majority of State and Private Forestry projects in the House bill ranged from \$50,000 - \$750,000. Note that the Committee will consider similar project amounts for FY23, and any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Note, State and Private Forestry projects are required to meet the 1:1 matching requirement mandated by the Forest Service. Keep this in mind when considering the amount being requested for the project. The amount being requested can be no more than half of the total project cost to account for matching funds being used (ex. If a project has been calculated to cost \$200,000, then a request for a CPF can be no more than \$100,000 for that project to allow for 1:1 matching funds to be used.) Additionally, project amounts should be to the nearest thousand (ex. \$100,000 instead of \$100,500).

The Committee will look favorably upon requests for projects that are listed on any federal or state ordinal list or are clearly demonstrated to meet the goals of a State Forest Action Plan(s). Please ensure any requests submitted for S&PF funding include not only full details on the types of activities in the project, but other details relevant to the specific type of S&PF program the project would fall under (ex. For landscape scale restoration, precise location data is needed).

Questions for Community Projects

For each community project funding request, Member offices will need to submit the following information: •

- Amount requested
- Total project cost
- FY 2023 President's Budget Request (if applicable).
- FY 2022 enacted level (if applicable).
- Can the project obligate all of the appropriated funds within 12 months after enactment (yes/no)?
- Was this request submitted to another subcommittee this fiscal year, and if so, which one?
- Estimated start and completion dates for the project.

Additionally, depending on the type of community project funding request, Member offices should be prepared to answer the additional supplemental questions:

[National Park Service, Save America's Treasures]

- 1. If the request is for a preservation project, does the property meet the SAT requirement to be listed in the National Register of Historic Places at the national level of significance or to be designated a National Historic Landmark, either individually or as contributing to an historic district?
- 2. Is the recipient one of the eligible entities under the HPF, as identified in 54 USC 308901?
- 3. What type of eligible entity is the recipient?
- 4. Does the recipient have in place, or a plan to provide, the one-to-one match with nonfederal cash and/or in-kind contribution?
- 5. Would the requested project fund an eligible activity under the SAT program?
- 6. Is the applicant prepared to accept the required preservation easement/covenant that is required by the program?
- 7. Has this project been completed or advanced beyond emergency stabilization?
- 8. Is the applicant financially sound and capable of managing a federal grant so to minimize the risk of fraud, waste, and abuse and loss of federal funding?

[Land and Water Conservation Fund project for BLM/FWS/NPS/USFS]

1. Is the requested project on either the president's proposed or supplemental LWCF project list submitted by the agency?

[Environmental Protection Agency, State and Tribal Assistance Grants, Clean Water/Drinking Water infrastructure projects]

- 1. Is this a Clean Water SRF project or a Drinking Water SRF project?
- 2. Does the project have (or expects to have within 12 months) its 20 percent matching fund requirement?
- 3. Is the project on your state's most recently finalized Clean Water/Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan?
- 4. Has the project received federal funds previously? If so, please describe.

[Forest Service, State and Private Forestry]

1. Does the recipient have in place, or a plan to provide, the one-to-one match with nonfederal cash and/or in-kind contribution?

- 2. Has the project received federal funds previously? If so, please describe.
- 3. Is the project ranked in a priority setting system/list? If so, please provide list name and rank.
- 4. How does this project meet the goals of the State Forest Action Plan and/or support community plans?
- 5. Does this project meet the eligibility requirements of one of the following Forest Service, State and Private Forestry Programs? Landscape Scale Restoration, Forest Health Management, Cooperative Fire Assistance, Forest Stewardship, or Urban and Community Forestry
- 6. Provide evidence to support the project's eligibility within a specific State and Private Forestry program. Some examples include: (If landscape scale restoration) Does this project meet the eligibility requirements of the Landscape Scale Restoration program as listed in the instructions on the Forest Service website? (If Forest Health Management) Is this project treating a specific insect, disease, or invasive plant infestation listed in the FY23 Forest Service Budget Justification? (If Urban and Community Forestry) How does the project meet the goals outlined in the 2016-2026 Urban Forestry Action plan?

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act demonstration program is the only Labor Department program that supports community project funding. Community project funding is designated under Training and Employment Services.

These projects must meet all statutorily mandated requirements, except that they are exempt from the requirement to compete. In addition, all projects must:

- 1) Include direct services to individuals to enhance employment opportunities;
- 2) Demonstrate evidence of a linkage with the State or local workforce investment system; and
- 3) Include an evaluation component.

Equipment purchases may be included within community project funding only as an incidental part of the entire project. A similar standard applies to curriculum development, which should be incidental to the project's emphasis on direct services to individuals.

Community project funding cannot be used for construction or renovation of facilities.

House project amounts in this account were funded between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 in FY 2022. The Committee may consider slightly higher project amounts for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

The Labor-HHS-Education Subcommittee previously received requests for community project funding to construct or renovate buildings. Health facilities are the only types of construction projects normally eligible for community project funding in the Labor-HHS-Education bill.

Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)

The Subcommittee has historically provided community project funding only in the categories listed below. Requests that do not fit into one of these categories are unlikely to be eligible for community project funding under HRSA.

Health Facilities Construction and Equipment— grants to help with the cost of construction, renovation, or capital equipment for facilities for provision of health, mental health, or substance abuse services, training of health professionals, or medical research. Examples of eligible facilities include hospitals; health centers and clinics; skilled nursing facilities; mental health centers; facilities for schools of medicine, nursing or other health professions; and medical research laboratories.

In addition to construction and renovation, grants can be used to acquire capital equipment, such as lab equipment, x-ray machines, and telehealth and information technology equipment. Equipment-only grants—that is, grants not involving construction—are permissible (and commonly done). Generally, any equipment having a useful life of more than one year and a unit cost of at least \$5,000 will be eligible as capital equipment. In addition, equipment with lower costs may also be eligible, provided that it is treated as an item of capital expense under the recipient institution's pre-existing, written accounting policies. One-time equipment expenses for health information systems and electronic medical records systems are permitted expenditures. The costs of expendable supplies such as pharmaceuticals, lab chemicals, or office paper are not eligible.

HRSA Health Facilities grants cannot be used to acquire land or purchase existing buildings, or to pay salaries or other operating or ongoing costs. They cannot be used to pay for work previously completed. Grants can be used for architectural and engineering costs associated with an eligible construction project, but cannot be used for general feasibility studies.

House project amounts in this account were funded between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 (or up to \$4,000,000 for projects jointly submitted by multiple Members) in FY 2022. Note that the Committee may consider slightly higher project amounts for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)

Community project funding through SAMHSA provides resources for substance use and/or mental health services — including prevention, harm reduction, treatment, or recovery support services.

Community project funding within SAMHSA should be submitted through the Health Surveillance and Program Support account.

Generally, SAMHSA projects cover:

- Evidence-based substance use disorder and/or mental health treatment services.
- Evidence-based harm reduction activities.
- Crisis services, including 24-hour mobile crisis teams.
- Suicide prevention activities including awareness training, screening, referral to treatment, as well as postvention activities.
- Recovery support services, which includes case management, outreach, peer recovery mentors, peer support
 specialists, childcare, training, transportation, and housing, as well as helping individuals to navigate these various
 services
- Screening and assessment of individuals, including the presence of co-occurring mental and substance use disorders and referral to treatment.
- Referral and access to treatment services.
- Educational materials on substance misuse, HIV prevention, hepatitis prevention, and mental health promotion.
- Practitioners or community members training on evidence-based behavioral health practices.
- FDA-approved medications for the treatment of opioid use disorders in combination with comprehensive psychosocial services, including counseling, behavioral therapies, recovery support services, and other clinically appropriate services.
- Projects that support the hiring of behavioral health providers.
- Limited indirect costs that are directly related to the projects.

Note: This is not an exhaustive list of the types of programs and services that SAMHSA funds. A listing of SAMHSA NOFO's can be found at: https://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grantannouncements-2022.

SAMHSA project funds cannot be used for:

- Inpatient treatment or hospital-based detoxification services.
- Direct payments to individuals to enter treatment or continue to participate in prevention or treatment services.
- Meals and food.
- Research projects (e.g., scientific, academic, clinical trials, studies, development of research technology).
- Construction (other than a limited amount of renovation necessary to carry out a funded project).

More information on allowable or unallowable costs can be found on the HHS Webpage at: https://www.hhs.gov/grants/grants/index.html

House project amounts in this account were funded between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 in FY 2022. The Committee may consider slightly higher project amounts for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Administration for Children and Families (ACF)

Community project funding within ACF should be submitted through the Children and Families Services Programs account and must fall under one of the following categories:

- Child Abuse Prevention Community project funding may be used for projects to improve the prevention, assessment, identification, and treatment of child abuse and neglect through research, model service improvement, information dissemination, and technical assistance. Projects must serve or target children and families who are at risk or who have experienced child abuse and neglect.
- Social Services Research and Demonstration Community project funding may be used for projects to promote the
 ability of families to thrive through financial self-sufficiency in order to prevent and reduce poverty and to promote the
 healthy development and greater well-being of children and families. Projects can serve a diverse population including:
 low-income individuals, children, youth, families, individuals with developmental disabilities, and Native Americans. ACF
 community project funding cannot be used for construction or renovation of facilities. The House LHHS bill did not
 include projects in this account in FY 2022. The Committee expects to consider project amounts in this account

between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

ACF community project funding cannot be used for construction or renovation of facilities.

The House LHHS bill did not include projects in this account in FY 2022. The Committee expects to consider project amounts in this account between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Administration for Community Living (ACL)

Community project funding within ACL should be submitted through the Aging and Disability Services Programs account.

Community project funding may be used for projects to improve or create new opportunities for older adults, individuals of all ages with disabilities, and their eligible family caregivers, to live independently and participate fully in their communities. Generally, community project funding should focus on improving access to, or the quality of, education, health services, training, support services, and independent living services for older adults, individuals with disabilities, and eligible family caregivers.

ACL community project funding cannot be used for construction or renovation of facilities. The House LHHS bill did not include projects in this account in FY 2022. The Committee expects to consider project amounts in this account between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

The Labor-HHS-Education Subcommittee previously received requests for community project funding to construct or renovate buildings. Health facilities are the only types of construction projects eligible for community project funding in the Labor-HHS-Education bill.

To ensure adequate flexibility in carrying out projects, descriptions should not refer to specific years or school years given the potential for delays in the obligation and implementation of awards.

Elementary and Secondary Education

Innovation and Improvement. Community project funding for elementary and secondary education should be submitted through the Innovation and Improvement account. Elementary and secondary education community project funding includes instructional services, afterschool centers, curricula development, teacher training, acquisition of books and computers, arts education, social and emotional learning activities, full-service community schools, and early childhood education. In general, the focus of elementary and secondary education community project funding should be providing early childhood or K-12 educational services.

Community project funding to provide and improve special education services at the elementary and secondary levels are also eligible under elementary and secondary education. Community project funding may include early intervention services for infants and toddlers, transition services, and postsecondary education services.

Eligible grantees are state education agencies, school districts, colleges and universities, and other public and private nonprofit entities. Generally, community project funding intended for individual schools is provided to the applicable school district and not directly to the individual school.

Community project funding *cannot* be used for construction or renovation of school buildings, except in the case of minor remodeling required as part of technology upgrades. Daycare and childcare projects that do not include educational services are also not eligible.

House project amounts in this account were funded between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 in FY 2022. The Committee may consider slightly higher project amounts for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Postsecondary Education

Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education (FIPSE). Community project funding can be designated under this heading for a wide variety of higher education projects. Generally, community project funding should focus on improving access to, or the quality of, postsecondary education. Community project funding cannot be used for construction or renovation of academic buildings, except in the case of minor remodeling required as part of technology upgrades.

Examples of the types of projects that can be funded under FIPSE include projects to hire and train faculty, establish and improve degree programs, improve teacher preparation programs, develop and improve curricula, upgrade technology and telecommunications, acquire science laboratory equipment, provide student support, implement university partnerships with school districts, and establish research and training centers.

Grantees are usually colleges and universities but may include other public and private nonprofit organizations.

House project amounts in this account were funded between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 in FY 2022. The Committee may consider slightly higher project amounts for FY 2023. Any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Limitations on Education-Related Community Project Funding

Again, except where specifically authorized, community project funding cannot be used for construction (or the acquisition of property) or renovation of buildings.

In addition, grantees may not restrict participants based on race, ethnicity, or gender. Any project that appears to target services toward a particular race, ethnicity, or gender must have a description that makes clear that it will be operated in a race/ethnicity-neutral and gender-neutral manner.

Labor, Health & Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Program Request

Please answer the following questions for all community project funding requests submitted for the Labor-HHS-Education appropriations bill:

Agency (ex. HHS)

Sub-agency (ex. Health Resources and Services Administration; Post Secondary Education)

Account (ex. Mental Health, FIPSE)

Please provide a budget breakdown for this project – maximum of 10 budget items (i.e., do not upload a spreadsheet with dozens of budget items)

One-Year Funding? (Yes/No)

Please provide an explanation of the request, including an explanation of why this is a good use of taxpayer funds Sources of Federal and Non-Federal Funds

Please provide a history of federal funding for the project, if any. Include both formula funds and any discretionary grants and fiscal years

If the request does not fully fund the project, describe where the remaining funding comes from to complete the project Please indicate if you are aware of another Member making a request for this same project (Yes/No)

Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies

Guidance Specific to Community Projects

All community project requests must meet the eligibility requirements for a specific account in which the project is funded. Only certain Department of Defense accounts in the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies bill are in this category. Please follow the guidance on submitting community project funding requests within such accounts, provided below.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSEMilitary Construction Accounts

The following types of projects are eligible to be considered for **community project funding**, provided that they comply with the specified guidelines listed below. The subcommittee will not consider requests for community projects unless they appear on a list provided to Congress by the Secretary of Defense or his/her designee. More detail regarding such lists can be found below.

Please note that if the Member wishes to support an item in the President's budget request, that will continue to remain a programmatic request and should be entered as such. If the scope of the Member's request varies from the President's budget request, then the request may no longer qualify as a programmatic request. In those situations, please consult the subcommittee staff for further direction. If the project is not included in the President's budget request for any Military Construction project in the accounts listed below, that would be considered a Community Project Funding request and should be entered as a project in the database.

Each project request must be for fiscal year 2023 funds only and cannot include a request for multiyear funding. In addition, to be eligible, requested projects must be shovel ready in fiscal year 2023, with 35 percent design complete, and must be positioned to have contracts awarded in fiscal year 2023. If individual projects have not been previously authorized, requests must also be submitted to the House Armed Services Committee (HASC) for inclusion in the fiscal year 2023 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA). Previous authorizations expire after three fiscal years. All projects must have a corresponding DD Form 1391, which is used by DoD to submit requirements and justifications in support of funding requests for military construction to Congress and can be found by contacting the Congressional Liaison Offices of the Armed Services.

Construction and Unspecified Minor Construction – Active Components

Eligible community project requests include both construction and unspecified minor military construction projects for active components. An unspecified minor military construction project is a project that has an approved cost equal to or less than \$6,000,000. The types of projects under this heading include construction, installation, equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, and facilities for the accounts listed below:

- Armv
- Navy and Marine Corps
- Air Force
- Space Force
- Defense-Wide Agencies (Special Operations Command (SOCOM), Defense Logistics Agency (DLA), etc.)

Construction and Unspecified Minor Construction—Reserve Components

Eligible community project requests include both construction and unspecified minor military construction projects for Reserve Components. An unspecified minor military construction project is a project that has an approved cost equal to or less than \$6,000,000. Some Reserve Component projects require a State funding match. Requesting offices must determine whether the proposed project requires such a match and if so, confirm that the project has current State match funding before the request can be considered. The types of projects under this heading include construction, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for training and administration for the accounts listed below:

- Army National Guard
- Air National Guard
- Army Reserve
- Navy Reserve
- Air Force Reserve

Planning and Design

Planning and design funding can be requested for specific projects when they are not yet at 35 percent design and therefore ineligible for construction funding. The types of projects under this heading include improving facility resilience, study, planning, design, and architect and engineer services for the accounts listed below:

- Army
- Navy and Marine Corps
- Air Force
- Space Force
- Defense-Wide Agencies (SOCOM, DHA, etc.)
- Army National Guard
- Air National Guard
- Army Reserve
- Navy Reserve
- Air Force Reserve

Lists of Eligible Community Projects

The eligible lists of community projects are those that are submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense or his/her designee. Projects that only appear on a project list provided by a base commander, as opposed to the Secretary or his/her designee, will not be accepted. Such eligible lists include:

- Future Year Defense Program (FYDP) FYDP is a projection of the forces, resources, and programs needed to support DoD operations over a five-year span. The FYDP is released simultaneously with the President's budget request. The updated document listing projects eligible for FY 2023 will be obtainable after the FY 2023 full budget rollout, through the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) website: https://comptroller.defense.gov/Budget-Materials/
- Unfunded Requirements/Unfunded Priorities Lists (UFRs/UPLs) UFRs/UPLs are lists that each Service provides to Congress that identify priority projects that were not included in the President's budget request. These lists must be approved by the Secretary of Defense. UFRs/UPLs become available to Congress within ten days of the President's full budget release and can be found by contacting the Congressional Liaison Offices of the Armed Services.
- Cost-to-completes (CTCs) CTCs are projects that have previously received an appropriation but require additional funding for completion. These lists represent the requirements identified by each Service for the additional funding necessary to complete a project. The lists are approved by each Service Secretary and can be obtained by contacting the Congressional Liaison Offices of the Armed Services.

These lists include projects, ongoing and upcoming, that ensure long-term viability, better readiness, increased resiliency, improved living and working conditions for service members and their families, and significant cost savings in perpetuity. Please email the subcommittee if you have any issues identifying the eligible FY 2023 lists for Military Construction Community Funding Project requests, and you will be added to a distribution list. The subcommittee will distribute the FY 2023 lists to those who contacted the subcommittee once they are released to Congress.

As indicated above, some Reserve Component projects will additionally require a corresponding State funding match. Please verify said funding before submission. The Committee will not waive match requirements.

For your reference, current military construction authorizations may be found in the FY 2022 NDAA DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS, which you can access by clicking HERE.

The average award for Military Construction projects in FY 2022 was \$18 million. Note the Committee may consider similar project amounts for FY 2023, and any caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

For Community Project Funding requests for DoD Military Construction, you will need to answer supplemental questions in support of these requests specifically. The subcommittee-specific questions and additional information required include:

- 1. Which Service is the project for?
- 2. State/territory where project is located.
- 3. Installation Name.
- 4. Project Name and Amount.
- 5. Is the funding request for major construction, minor construction, or planning and design?
- 6. Is the project on the FY 2023-2027 FYDP? If so, for what fiscal year?
- 7. Is the project on a Service unfunded requirement (UFR)/unfunded priority list (UPL)?
- 8. Is the project a cost-to-complete from a prior year? If so, what year?
- 9. DD Form 1391.

- 10. If a Reserve Component project, does it require a State funding match?
- 11. Is the project at 35 percent design and shovel-ready in FY 2023?
- 12. Can the project funds be obligated within 12 months of enactment of the bill?
- 13. If a construction funding request, has the Environmental Impact Study been initiated?
- 14. Was the project previously authorized? If not, has a corresponding request been submitted to HASC?
- 15. Who is the point of contact in the requesting office?

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

The following information outlines the type of projects that are eligible to be considered for community project funding, provided that they comply with the specified guidelines listed below. The subcommittee will not consider requests for community projects unless they appear on VA's 2023 Construction SCIP List.

Veterans memorials, parks, museums, and other similar projects are not eligible for community project funding. Funds are also not available for direct grants to veterans organizations or for local programmatic efforts.

Please note that if the Member wishes to support a construction project that VA requests funding for in the President's budget request, that will continue to remain a programmatic request and should be entered as such. If the scope of the Member's request varies from the level requested in the President's budget, then the request may no longer qualify as a programmatic request. In those situations, please consult the subcommittee staff for further direction.

Construction Programs

VA has three types of construction projects: Major Construction (projects that are expected to cost above \$20,000,000), Minor Construction (projects that are expected to cost equal to or less than \$20,000,000), and Nonrecurring Maintenance (NRM) (projects that consist of upkeep, construction and maintaining building systems). The classification of each construction project is determined by VA.

Community project funding requests are eligible ONLY for VA Minor Construction projects. VA's Minor Construction program includes capital projects with costs equal to or less than \$20,000,000, particularly projects that construct new space instead of renovating existing space. Examples may include expanding existing facility square footage to provide additional healthcare capacity, construction of specialty care buildings or clinics, building of parking structures, or expanding gravesite space at cemeteries.

The Committee will only consider projects that appear on VA's Integrated Departmentwide Priority List for 2023 Construction Projects (2023 Construction SCIP List). This list will be included in the FY 2023 President's Budget submission.

The yearly Construction SCIP List includes projects that have been reviewed by VA and are determined to be at an advanced enough stage to receive funds. This will ensure that Federal dollars are not set aside for projects that are not yet ready to spend them. Please note that while this list includes both Major Construction and Minor Construction projects, only Minor Construction projects will be considered for Member requests.

The subcommittee strongly encourages member offices to familiarize themselves with VA's process for identifying and prioritizing construction needs at its facilities. As part of the annual President's Budget submission, VA submits four volumes of additional detail. Volume IV details the Construction and the Long Range Capital Plan. For your reference, the prior year 2022 Construction Strategic Capital Investment Planning Process Project (SCIP) List can be found in Table 5-1 within the FY 2022 VA budget submission, available at:

https://www.va.gov/budget/docs/summary/fy2022VAbudgetVolumeIVconstructionAndLongRan gePlan.pdf

A discussion of the FY 2022 list begins on page 281 in the linked document, and the list itself begins on page 282. While VA may change this list from year to year, this will enable you to become familiar with VA's project identification process.

Criteria for VA Community Project Funding (CPF):

- The subcommittee will consider supporting Community Project Funding only for VA Minor Construction projects that are equal to or less than \$20,000,000 in total estimated project cost, and they must be included in the 2023 Construction SCIP List (this list will be included in the FY 2023 President's Budget submission materials).
- Projects must be listed as unfunded on VA's 2023 Construction SCIP List with \$0 in the 2023 Request column. Projects
 with a dollar amount in the 2023 Request column are requested in the President's budget request, and if requested,
 should be submitted as programmatic requests.

- Funding for a CPF project will be capped at 10 percent of the total estimated cost of the project to support planning and design that can be executed within twelve months of receiving funding. (Similar projects on the FY 2022 list would generally have been in the range of \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000.)
 - Exceptions to the 10 percent cap may be made for projects where construction is ready to be supported in year one, and only applies to some National Cemetery Administration (NCA) Minor Construction projects. Please consult with the subcommittee and VA to determine if the full scope of an NCA project can be executable in one year.
- Final decision on funding caps will be determined by the Chair after reviewing the full universe of requests.

For Community Project Funding requests for VA Minor Construction, you will need to answer supplemental questions in support of these requests specifically. The subcommittee-specific questions and additional information required include:

- State/territory where the project is located.
- City where the project is located.
- Veterans Integrated Services Network (VISN) where the project is located or VA Administration.
- Specific facility where the project is located.
- Is the project listed on VA's 2023 Construction Strategic Capital Investment Planning (SCIP) list?
- VA Construction Program Type (note only Minor Construction projects are eligible for CPF funding).
- What is the total estimated cost of the project? (must be equal to or less than \$20 million)
- Where is the project in the construction process? [Planning; Design; Awaiting construction; In the middle of construction; Other, please explain]
- Please provide a history of Federal funding for the project, if any.
- Can the project funds be obligated within 12 months of enactment of the bill?
- Why is the project a priority for the Congressional district?
- Who is the point of contact in the requesting office?

Community Project Funding Request

For Community Project Funding requests for DOD Military Construction, you will need to answer supplemental questions in support of these requests specifically.

Which Service is the project for?

Installation Name

Project Name and Amount

Planning and Design

Is the funding requested for planning and design costs?

Is the project for unspecified minor construction?

Provide background

Is the project on the FY 2022-2026 FYDP?

Is the project on a Service unfunded requirement (UFR) or unfunded priority list (UPL)?

Is the project a cost-to-complete from a prior year? If so, what year?

Has a corresponding request been submitted to HASC?

Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies

Local Transportation Priorities

Department of Transportation (DOT)
Guidelines and Requirements for Appropriations Submissions Database

Transit Infrastructure Projects are public transportation capital projects eligible under chapter 53 of title 49 of the United States Code. Eligible capital projects are described under Section 5302(4) of title 49, United States Code, and Section 5339(b)(1) and (c)(1)(B) of title 49, United States Code.

All projects must be:

- Transit capital projects or project-specific planning/design for a transit capital project.
- Supported by the state, local governmental authority, or Tribal government that would administer the project. Inclusion on a Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP) Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP) would satisfy this requirement.
- Administered by public entities or Tribal entities.

Public transportation or transit is defined in Section 5302(15) and (22) of title 49, United States Code, as regular, continuing shared-ride surface transportation that is open to the general public or open to a segment of the general public defined by age, disability, or low income, and does not include intercity passenger rail transportation, intercity bus service, charter bus service, school bus service, sightseeing service, courtesy shuttle service for patrons of one or more specific establishments, or intraterminal or intra-facility shuttle services.

The Subcommittee will not fund activities that are administrative in nature even if they are eligible expenses under the statutory citation. These include general operating expenses, and activities authorized under sections 5303, 5304, and 5305 of title 49, United States Code. The Subcommittee will continue to treat the Capital Investment Grants (CIG) program as programmatic requests and will not fund CIG projects under Transit Infrastructure Projects, consistent with the fiscal year 2022 process.

The average award in this account for fiscal year 2022 was \$2.5 million. Note that the Committee may consider project amounts of up to \$7 million for FY23, but any caps will be determined by the Chairman after reviewing the full universe of requests.

For each Transit Infrastructure Projects request, Members will need to provide specific information through the electronic database. The database will include the following questions to assist the Subcommittee in vetting and selecting projects. Several of them will require additional information from your office. Please ensure community project funding requests are not duplicative of requests to another Committee or Subcommittee.

Community Project Funding Request

For Community Project Funding requests, you will need to answer supplemental questions in support of these requests specifically.

Project Name.

EXAMPLE: Electric buses and charging infrastructure, City, State, Congressional District. A short name by which the project may be identified, including a very brief description of what the funds will be used for and the project's location (city, county, State, Tribe, Congressional District).

General description of the project and why it is needed.

What are the benefits of this project and why is it a priority? NOTE: Benefits could include safety, environmental, economic, equity, mobility, etc. This description will not appear in the House report.

EXAMPLE: Acquiring electric buses and related charging infrastructure will increase the safety and efficiency of the bus

fleet, and reduce the overall greenhouse gas emissions for the transit agency.

Amount requested for the community project.

Total project cost.

 Provide the amount of the total cost of the project as outlined in the STIP or TIP, if applicable.

Can the project obligate all appropriated funds within 12 months after enactment? If not, what would be the expected date of obligation? NOTE: Obligation occurs when a project sponsor signs a grant agreement with a federal agency.

Estimated start and completion dates

Has the request been submitted to another Subcommittee or Committee this fiscal year? If yes, which one(s)?

Does the project have other public (federal, state, local) and/or private funds committed to meet match or cost-share requirements for costs related to construction, operations, and maintenance? If so, what is the source and amount of those funds?

NOTE: The cost-share requirements are defined in statute. In general, transit capital projects typically require 20 percent local share.

EXAMPLE: Local sales taxes are committed for 25 percent of the funds.

Does the project require an environmental review? If so, what is the status and/or outcome of the environmental review and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) category of action (if applicable)?

Where is the project in the construction process?

NOTE: Drop down options will include: Planning and Environmental Review, Final Design, Right of Way, Capital purchase or lease (including bus purchases), Construction, and Other (please specify).

Was the project on a State, Tribal or territorial Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP) or a transportation improvement plan (TIP) as of 12/31/2021? If yes, please provide a link to the plan.

Please provide the STIP or TIP ID Number and specify which plan (ex. North Carolina STIP, New York Metropolitan Transportation Council TIP) the ID Number comes from.

EXAMPLE: See ID Number circled on <u>page three here</u>. The STIP or TIP also can be used for the location/description of a project, the total project cost, and information about where funding comes from.

Please provide a history of federal funding for the project, if any. Include both formula funds and any discretionary grants.

EXAMPLE: FY20 TIGER/BUILD Grant: \$10 million; FTA Formula Funds: \$5 million.

If the request does not fully fund the project, describe where the remaining funding comes from to complete the project. EXAMPLE: Unidentified State funds will compose 10 percent of the remaining cost and previously identified federal formula funds will make up the rest.

Highway Infrastructure Projects

Department of Transportation (DOT)

Guidelines and Requirements for Appropriations Submissions Database

Highway Infrastructure Projects are capital projects eligible under title 23 of the United States Code. Eligible projects are described under Section 133(b) of title 23, United States Code, as amended by title III of division A of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act. Tribal and territorial capital projects authorized under Chapter 2 of title 23, United States Code, are also eligible.

All projects must be:

- Capital projects or project-specific planning/design for a capital project.
- Supported by the state or Tribal government that would administer the project. Inclusion on a Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP) or Transportation Improvement
- Plan (TIP) would satisfy this requirement.
- Administered by public entities or Tribal entities.

The Subcommittee will <u>not</u> fund activities that are administrative in nature even if they are eligible expenses under the statutory citation. These include general operating expenses, and activities required under sections 134 and 135 of title 23, United States Code.

The average award in this account for fiscal year 2022 was \$2.7 million. Note that the Committee may consider project amounts of up to \$7 million for FY23, but any caps will be determined by the Chairman after reviewing the full universe of requests.

For each Highway Infrastructure Projects request, Members will need to provide specific information through the electronic submission process. The database will include the following questions to assist the Subcommittee in vetting and selecting projects. Several of them will require additional information from your office. Please ensure community project funding requests are not duplicative of requests to another Committee or Subcommittee.

Community Project Funding Request

For Community Project Funding requests, you will need to answer supplemental questions in support of these requests specifically.

Project Name.

EXAMPLE: Main Street widening and resurfacing, City, State, Congressional District. A short name by which the project may be identified, including a very brief description of what the funds will be used for and the project's location (city, county, State, Tribe, Congressional District).

General description of the project and why it is needed.

What are the benefits of this project and why is it a priority? NOTE: Benefits could include safety, environmental, economic, equity, mobility, etc. This description will not appear in the House report.

EXAMPLE: Widening and resurfacing Main Street will allow the local government to add a turn lane to reduce congestion. It will also allow for safety upgrades at Avenue D where there is a high level of accidents.

Amount requested for the community project.

Total project cost.

• Provide the amount of the total cost of the project as outlined in the STIP or TIP,if applicable.

Can the project obligate all appropriated funds within 12 months after enactment? If not, what would be the expected date of obligation?

NOTE: Obligation occurs when a project sponsor signs a grant agreement with a federal agency.

Estimated start and completion dates

Has the request been submitted to another Subcommittee or Committee this fiscal year? If yes, which one(s)?

Does the project have other public (federal, state, local) and/or private funds committed to meet match or cost-share requirements for costs related to construction, operations, and maintenance? If so, what is the source and amount of those funds?

NOTE: The <u>cost-share requirements</u> are defined in statute. In general, transit capital projects typically require 20 percent local share.

Does the project require an environmental review? If so, what is the status and/or outcome of the environmental review and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) category of action (if applicable)?

Type of project eligible under 23 USC 133(b):

NOTE: Drop down options will include: Highway, Bridge, EV Charging Infrastructure, Wildlife Crossing, Bike/Pedestrian, and Other (please specify).

Where is the project in the construction process? NOTE: Drop down options will include: Planning and Environmental Review, Final Design, Right of Way, Capital purchase or lease, Construction, and Other (please specify). Was the project on a State, Tribal or territorial Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP) or a transportation improvement plan (TIP) as of 12/31/2021? If yes, please provide a link to the plan.

Please provide the STIP or TIP ID Number and specify which plan (ex. North Carolina STIP, New York Metropolitan Transportation Council TIP) the ID Number comes from. EXAMPLE: See ID Number circled on page three here. The STIP or TIP also can be used for the location/description of a project, the total project cost, and information about where funding comes from.

Please provide a history of federal funding for the project, if any. Include both formula funds and any discretionary grants.

EXAMPLE: FY20 TIGER/BUILD Grant: \$10 million; FTA Formula Funds: \$5 million.

If the request does not fully fund the project, describe where the remaining funding comes from to complete the project. EXAMPLE: Unidentified State funds will compose 10 percent of the remaining cost and previously identified federal formula funds will make up the rest.

Airport Improvement Program (AIP)

Department of Transportation (DOT) Guidelines and Requirements for Appropriations Submissions Database

AIP community project funding requests shall be used for enhancing airport safety, capacity, and security, and mitigating environmental concerns.

All projects must be:

- AIP eligible in accordance with sections 47101 to 47175 of title 49, United States Code, and FAA policy and guidance.
- Supported broadly by local stakeholders, including residents, businesses, and elected officials.
- Administered by an airport and/or airport sponsor.

The average award in this account for FY22 was \$4 million. Note that the Committee may consider project amounts of up to \$7 million for FY23, but any caps will be determined by the Chairman after reviewing the full universe of requests. Please ensure community project funding requests are not duplicative of requests to another Committee or Subcommittee.

Community Project Funding Request

For each AIP community project request, you will need to provide the following information:

Project Name.

EXAMPLE: Rehabilitate runway 6/24, Airport Name (3 letter or number airport code), City, State (2 letter postal code).

NOTE: This description may be used to list the project in the House report and should be as accurate as possible to ensure that the funding goes to the correct project and location and must include both the name of the airport and the airport code. General description of the project and why it is needed.

What are the benefits of this project and why is it a priority? NOTE: Benefits could include safety, environmental, economic, equity, mobility, etc. This description will not appear in the House report.

EXAMPLE: Constructing a new apron (50,000 square feet) will reduce the risk of aircraft-to-aircraft and aircraft-to-ground vehicle incursions by 40 percent.

Amount requested for the community project.

NOTE: The community project funding may be a subset of the total project cost.

Total project cost.

Can the project obligate all appropriated funds within 12 months after enactment? If not, what would be the expected date of obligation?

NOTE: Obligation occurs when a project sponsor signs a grant agreement with a federal agency.

Estimated start and completion dates

Has the request been submitted to another Subcommittee or Committee this fiscal year? If yes, which one(s)?

Does the project have other public (federal, state, local) and/or private funds committed for forecasted costs related to operations and maintenance? If so, what is the source and amount of those funds?

Does the project require an environmental review? If so, what is the status and/or outcome of the environmental review and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) category of action (if applicable)?

How will the project contribute to the airport's <u>disadvantaged</u> <u>business enterprise</u> goals?

Has the project received previous Federal funding? If so, how much and which public law (e.g., appropriations act or authorization act) provided it?

Is the project AIP-eligible?

Has the airport submitted a grant application for this same project to FAA? If so, when?

Would the project increase or decrease air traffic?

Would the project increase or decrease aviation safety?

Would the project increase or decrease environmental risks?

Does the airport and airport sponsor support the project?

Are there any stakeholders - such as residents that live near the airport, state or local officials, state department of transportation officials - that oppose the project?

Economic Development Initiative (EDI)

Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Guidelines and Requirements for Appropriations Submissions Database

EDI community project funding may be used for economic and community development activities, including land or site acquisition, demolition or rehabilitation of housing or facilities, construction and capital improvements of public facilities (including water and sewer facilities), and public services. Requests may also include planning and other activities consistent with previously funded activities eligible under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program (title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.)), unless otherwise specified. EDI community project funding is not eligible for the reimbursement of expenses for activities or costs incurred prior to the obligation of funds, if such activities are not eligible under the CDBG program. Capital and operating expenses for fire and police stations are not eligible for EDI community project funding.

All projects must be:

- Supported broadly by local stakeholders, including residents, businesses, and elected officials.
- Administered by governmental or non-profit entities, including public housing agencies, as well as tribes and tribally designated housing entities.

The average award in this account for fiscal year 2022 was \$1.5 million. Note that the Committee may consider project amounts of up to \$4 million for FY23, but any caps will be determined by the Chairman after reviewing the full universe of requests.

Community Project Funding Request

For each EDI community project request, you will need to provide the following information:

Project Name.

EXAMPLE: Main Street elderly services facility improvements, City, State, County, Congressional District, or Tribe. A short name by which the project may be identified, including a very brief description of what the funds will be used for and the

project's location (city, county, State, Congressional District, or Tribe).

NOTE: This description may be used to list the project in the House report and should be as accurate as possible to ensure that the funding goes to the correct project and location.

General description of the project and why it is needed.

EXAMPLE: For capital improvements, including roof repairs, accessibility alterations (installation of ramps and handrails, restroom alterations) and related equipment, labor and materials, within the County's oldest senior services facility.

What are the benefits of this project and why is it a priority?

NOTE: Benefits could include safety, environmental, economic, equity, mobility, etc. This description will not appear in the House report.

EXAMPLE: These improvements will improve the health and safety of more than 350 seniors that rely on services provided through the center for supplemental meals and health services, as well as to meet requirements under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). As a result of a closure of a nearby community services facility within the County, improvements are necessary to address a recent increase in demand for elderly services and the need to expand the services available at this elderly services facility, which is in close proximity to the County's largest elderly housing development.

Amount requested for the community project.

Total project cost.

Can the project obligate all appropriated funds within 12 months after enactment? If not, what would be the expected date of obligation?

NOTE: Obligation occurs when a project sponsor signs a grant agreement with a federal agency.

Estimated start and completion dates

Has the request been submitted to another Subcommittee or Committee this fiscal year? If yes, which one(s)?

Does the project have other public (federal, state, local) and/or private funds committed to meet match or cost-share requirements for costs related to construction, operations, and maintenance? If so, what is the source and amount of those funds?

NOTE: EDI community project funding does not have a match requirement.

Does the project require an environmental review? If so, what is the status and/or outcome of the environmental review and NEPA category of action (if applicable)?

Is the project primarily a service, new construction, rehabilitation, land or site acquisition, planning, or economic development project?

Does the project primarily benefit persons of low-income or Tribal communities? If yes, please describe who the project is intended to benefit.

Who are the community partners participating in this project?

If the project purpose is for new construction or land or site acquisition, does it comply with local zoning requirements?

Is the project included or supported by an identified priority area within a state or local HUD Consolidated Plan? If yes, please provide a link to the plan.

Is the project intended to address climate change, resiliency, mobility, or equitable access to housing or services?